

THE DAILY RECORD-UNION.

TUESDAY..... MARCH 6, 1883

Meteorological Observations—Taken at Signal Station at the Same Moment.

SACRAMENTO, March 5, 1883—502 P. M.

Places of observation	Height above sea level	Wind	Direction	Clouds	Temperature	Barometer	Condition of the weather
Olympia	39,20	W	N	Calm	46	30.12	Clear
Poole	30,12	E	N	Light	49	30.12	Fair
Rome	30,04	W	N	Foggy	50	30.12	Cloudy
Monaco	30,04	N	W	Brisk	52	30.12	Cloudy
Red Bluff	30,01	E	N	Calm	53	30.12	Cloudy
San Francisco	30,04	W	N	Light	54	30.12	Foggy
Vallejo	30,04	W	N	Light	54	30.12	Foggy
Los Angeles	30,04	W	N	Light	54	30.12	Foggy
San Diego	30,01	E	N	Light	54	30.12	Foggy
Maximum temperature, 71; minimum, 43							
River low water mark, at 11 A. M., 11 feet							
6 inches—a rise of 2 inches.							
JAMES A. BAWICK, Sergeant, Signal Corps, U. S. A.							

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WEATHER PROBABILITIES.

WASHINGTON, March 5th.—For the Pacific coast:

Fair weather.

THIS MORNING'S NEWS.

In New York Government bonds are quoted at 110 for 1st of 1887; 112 for 4th; 104 for 2d;

sterling, \$4 23/32; \$4 55/32 silver bars, 111.

Silver in London, 61 1/2; consols, 102 11/3; per cent United States bonds, extended, 105; 44, 122 1/2; 44, 122 1/2.

In San Francisco Mexican dollars are quoted at 87 1/2 cents.

Mining stocks were in light demand in San Francisco yesterday morning, but several of the Comstocks were from 5 to 100 higher than on Saturday. Savage sold up to \$2 15, thus carrying the assessment of 500, which went on yesterday.

The traffic in gold half and quarter dollars is to be broken up by the Treasury Department, a large number of the illegal coins having been seized in Los Angeles.

The Town Council of Dublin have declared vacant the seat of Carew, the informer, and expelled him from membership.

The Dana-Cameron excursion party will leave New York within a fortnight for California.

D. C. Mills has been sued in New York for \$3,000 damages for injuries received in an elevator in Mills' building.

The case of New York dealers to interfere in the case of young McGlory, who is to be hanged Friday.

Hon. James S. Boynton, President of the State Senate, has been sworn in as Governor of Georgia.

During the week ending March 9 the Mints issued 143,405 standard silver dollars.

The funeral of the late Governor Alexander H. Stephens will take place in Atlanta, Ga., Thursday.

The trial in the case of Elliott, the jujitsu, has been postponed at Chicago until Friday. The remains of the dead prize-fighter were taken to New York last evening.

Thomas McLaughlin stabb'd and killed a Chinese cook in Paradise Valley, Nev.

The resignation of General Von Rennick, as Minister of War, has been accepted by Emperor William.

Such damage has been caused by a fire in Brooklyn,浙江。

The "Passion Play" case has been taken to the New York Court of Appeals for final decision.

A crusade is about to begin in London against blasphemous literature.

Bullion to the amount of £100,000 was withdrawn on balance from the Bank of England yesterday.

Gladstone reappeared in the House of Commons yesterday.

An immense Legitimist meeting was held Sunday in London.

Secretary of the Treasury Folger has almost recovered from his recent illness.

The relations between Germany and England are in a better condition now than for ten years past.

A steamer of steers is to be run from Bremen to Cuba and Porto Rico.

memorial tablet to Professor Morse was unveiled in Rome yesterday.

Joseph E. Loomis is to be hanged in Boston Thursday.

An effort is making in Ontario to have books for use in public libraries and seats of learning admitted.

Another German military officer has committed suicide on account of monetary difficulties.

An expedition is organizing in Algiers to crush the rebellion in the port of Oran.

A pilot boat was run down and sunk in the New York harbor by a steamer, and the pilot drowned.

General Bar was severely injured at Galt, this country, yesterday, by the explosion of a loaded brass shell.

James Gilligan, Treasurer of the United States, has tendered his resignation to the President.

At Horse Plains, Mont., three men were killed by an explosion of giant powder which they were thawing out.

The proprietor, editor and printer of the London *Free Press* have been sentenced to imprisonment for libelous libel.

Frank Hunter was found murdered yesterday in Marion, Ohio.

The United States Supreme Court remanded in Washington yesterday.

Abdul-Kadir Pasta has defeated the False Prophet, who lost 2,000 men.

At Jeannenay, Ind., yesterday, Louis Stancin accidentally shot and killed his wife.

Nineteen bills were passed by the State Senate yesterday, while the Assembly spent a great deal of time in the talk.

PHARMACEUTIC FRAUDS.

We have before called attention to pharmaceutical frauds. They are of a greater extent than the masses suppose. Recent reading of various reports from different countries show that the adulteration of drugs is rapidly increasing. It is never pleasant to take quinine, but if one must, he does not, for instance, like to learn from the *Medical News* that out of seven samples had at Philadelphia, of as many drugists, nineteen per cent, were found to be badly adulterated—that is, the weight fell short, and the loss was made up by nineteen per cent. of adulteration. In Philadelphia, it is charged, the apothecaries frequently use cheap substitutes for genuine medicines in costly prescriptions. No wonder that the doctor finds his remedies will not produce the desired result, and that patients die. The physicians at the East threaten to return to the saddle-bags days, and supply their own medicines. Speed the day, for then men will be assured that our blue mass and our black draught will be the "straight" and genuine. American manufacturers of drugs must learn to be honest, else by the memory of the ancient days of the old-time family doctors, people will all cease being sick, and the druggists' business profit will take unto itself the wings of the morning.

NAPOLEON'S INTERPRETATION.

Prince Napoleon and his friends in France continue to harp upon the *plebiscitum*. That means, according to all Napoleonists, the determination of a question by the people of France involving the right of the Bonapartist to rule, but always to be decided for the Bonapartist. As the Bonapartist idea is that of the right to rule by inheritance, the people must, and to look for good work from this Commission, which has a political and historical significance in the annals of the republic of the first importance.

TARIFF ESTIMATES.

Friends of the new tariff bill claim it is safe in internal revenue and duties \$70,000,000 to the country. Its Congressional opponents admit it effects an economy of \$40,000,000. Of this \$25,000,000 is credited to internal revenue, and thus but \$15,000,000 is left to customs reductions.

This is a pitiful showing. The entire reduction amounts to about one-third the sum of the outside trade of Sacramento for one year. Well may the tariff tinkerers cry aloud, "Behold what we have done for 50,000,000 of people."

The latest advices indicate that the English authorities got out the bottom plank of the Irish assassination societies, and that the English system will be broken up. The English and their friends of Ireland and leading Irish agitators have announced their satisfaction at the result, and declare that the cause they advocate is opposed to democratic schemes.

Spain has half the vigor we give her credit for she will crush the "Black Hand" Socialists and out-throats, and so utterly blot out that out that decent men may walk in safety for all time to come.

THE ATTACK UPON THE SCHOOL SYSTEM.

A DECISION IN A HYDRAULIC MINING CASE IN SACRAMENTO COUNTY.

Yesterday, in the Superior Court, Judge T. B. McFarland rendered his decision in the case of Dickey Hobbs vs. The Amador and Sacramento Canal Company, et al., on a motion to vacate or modify an injunction previously granted against defendants as a hydraulic mining company from tailing into the tributaries of the Cosumnes river. Freeman & Bates appeared in behalf of defendants for the motion. George Caldwell for plaintiffs in resistance. The decision is as follows:

In this case there has been submitted a motion to dissolve or modify the temporary injunction hereinbefore issued.

The defendant is a corporation. It was organized, as alleged in the complaint, "for the purpose of constructing ditches and carrying water in the valley of the Cosumnes river, for the purpose of mining therefrom." It also appears from the complaint and affidavits on file that defendant for many years past has been engaged in mining the Cosumnes river to the head of Cook's gulch, which empties into the Cosumnes river at Cook's Bar. The injunction restrained defendant from the use of any mine which it has for many years contiguously worked with said water, and that it was granted to prevent the same from being worked at said place. It does not appear that defendant has, or is, engaged in mining, or selling the product of mining, or that it has ever sold any part of its product.

Counsel for defendant very forcibly argued under the circumstances that the injunction was dissolved because, without notice, it suspends the "general and ordinary business of a corporation." To this argument the court responded that it was granted either before or after notice; but Section 351 of the Code of Civil Procedure provides that a temporary injunction cannot be granted except by the Court, or a Judge thereof; nor can it be granted without due notice to those to whom it is directed, and that it is not to be dissolved, because, without notice, it suspends the "general and ordinary business of a corporation."

The court then held that the injunction was granted before notice, and that it was suspended because of the action of the corporation in mining the Cosumnes river to the head of Cook's gulch, which empties into the Cosumnes river at Cook's Bar. The injunction restrained defendant from the use of any mine which it has for many years contiguously worked with said water, and that it was granted to prevent the same from being worked at said place. It does not appear that defendant has, or is, engaged in mining, or selling the product of mining, or that it has ever sold any part of its product.

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